7% Iodine

Safety Data Sheet

According to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)
Issue date: 6/17/2025 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : 7% Iodine

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Topical antiseptic
Restrictions on use : Do not use for private purposes (household),Animal health only

1.4. Supplier's details

Centaur Animal Health
1351-F W Old 56 Hwy
Olathe, KS 66061
T (913) 390-6184
www.centauranimalhealth.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : For Hazardous Materials or Dangerous Goods Incident Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free, USA) / 703-527-3887 (Virginia, USA)
CCN 11530
Back-up Emergency Number: +1 703-741-5970 (Washington, DC)

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquid, Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H372 - Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.
Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
In case of fire: Use Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or waterspray to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Isopropyl alcohol	CAS-No.: 67-63-0	70 – 72	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Potassium Iodide	CAS-No.: 7681-11-0	11 – 13	STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Iodine	CAS-No.: 7553-56-2	7 – 9	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret
Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. First aider: Pay attention to self-protection. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Induce artificial respiration with mask fitted with one-way valve or other suitable device but not mouth-to-mouth.

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If the victim is unconscious : Lay in a stable manner on victim's side. Induce artificial respiration with mask fitted with one-way valve or other suitable device; not mouth-to-mouth. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation. Redness, pain.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause irritation to the digestive tract. Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Causes serious eye irritation.

Chronic symptoms : Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or waterspray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard	:	Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	:	Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	:	For small fire: Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or waterspray. For large fire: Fight fire from safe distance and protected location. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Cool containers with water from unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or discoloration from tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For a massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles, or withdraw from the area and allow fire to burn. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Avoid all personal contact including breathing in the mist, spray, vapors. Do not take actions involving personal risks. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	:	Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate the danger area. If outdoors, move to an area upwind of the danger area. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If possible without taking personal risks, Remove ignition sources, ventilate area. Prevent other non-emergency personnel from entering the danger area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Wear the recommended personal protective equipment. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Do not touch spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Reduce vapor with vapor-suppression foam.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not let the product reach soil, drains, sewers, or surface and ground water.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment	:	Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain with non-combustible inert absorbent. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak, if possible without risk. Use only non-sparking tools.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Take up in non-combustible inert absorbent and place into container for disposal. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Decontaminate surfaces and equipment with water and detergent. Until a sufficient level of dilution is achieved, the decontamination water may pose the same hazards as the product. Water spray may reduce vapor, but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection",For further information refer to section 13

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Absolutely no welding in the work area. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.
Hygiene measures	:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
Additional hazards when processed	:	Vapor/air mixtures are explosive. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Storage conditions	:	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Protect from sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Aluminum. Chlorine. Will attack some plastic, rubber, and coatings.
Packaging materials	:	Always store product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Propanol
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	491 mg/m³
	200 ppm
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	984 mg/m³
	400 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr; CNS repair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	2-Propanol
BEI	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift at end of workweek - Notations: B, Ns
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Isopropyl alcohol
OSHA PEL TWA	980 mg/m³
	400 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

Iodine (7553-56-2)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Iodine, as I
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	0.01 mg/m³ (IFV - Inhalable fraction and vapor)
	0.001 ppm (IFV - Inhalable fraction and vapor)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Thyroid & Female repro eff; Fetal & Neonatal dam. Notations: Skin; A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Iodine
OSHA PEL C	1 mg/m³
	0.1 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Use general ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure to keep the airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment. Take measures to reduce or limit air emissions and releases to soil and the aquatic environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to national standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves. Butyl rubber protective gloves with a permeation time of 480 minutes for each ingredient of this mixture. The following materials are unsuitable for protective gloves because of degradation, severe swelling or low permeation time: Chloroprene rubber, Nitrile rubber, Natural rubber, Polyvinylchloride (PVC), Fluorocarbon rubber. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching gloves outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles. Safety glasses or face shield which protect from splashes.

Skin and body protection:

Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full facepiece and operated in pressure-demand mode must be worn when concentrations are unknown

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Red-brown
Odor	:	Characteristic odor of iodine and alcohol; strong.
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	7
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	-88.5 °C / -127.3 °F (Isopropyl Alcohol: solidify)
Boiling point	:	78.5 °C / 173.3 °F
Flash point	:	18 °C / 64.4 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Vapor pressure	:	43 mm Hg
Relative vapor density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.59
Solubility	:	Slightly soluble in: cold water. hot water. Soluble in : Methanol. Diethyl ether. Acetone.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Aluminum. Chlorine. Will attack some plastic, rubber, and coatings.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified.

Isopropyl alcohol	
LD50 oral rat	5840 mg/kg body weight

Potassium Iodide	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight

Iodine	
LD50 oral rat	315 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1425 mg/kg
LD50 dermal	3333 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 4.588 mg/l
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapors)	0.363 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
pH: 7

Potassium Iodide	
pH	7 – 9

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: 7

Potassium Iodide	
pH	7 – 9

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Isopropyl alcohol	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Iodine	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Potassium Iodide	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	0.55 mg/kg body weight

Potassium Iodide	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Iodine	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	10 mg/kg body weight
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation. Redness, pain.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause irritation to the digestive tract. Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
Most Important Symptoms/Effects : Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Causes serious eye irritation.
Chronic symptoms : Causes damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Toxic to aquatic life
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10000 mg/l
LC50 - Fish [2]	9640 mg/l

Potassium Iodide	
LC50 - Fish [1]	896 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	100 mg/l
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	4474.192 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	29.87 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	66.356 mg/l

Iodine	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.67 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.16 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.13 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

7% Iodine	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Isopropyl alcohol	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Potassium Iodide	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Iodine	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Iodine	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.49

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions. U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation Recovery Act) - D Waste-Characteristic Waste Codes. D001: IGNITABLE WASTE.
Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.
Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / IMDG / IATA

DOT	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number		
Not applicable	1219	1219
14.2. Proper Shipping Name		
Isopropanol	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)	Isopropanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
14.4. Packing group		
II	II	II
14.5. Environmental hazards		
	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	4b;150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	:	242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	B - (i) The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) ‘‘On deck only’’ on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

IMDG

Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	:	E2
Packing instructions (IMDG)	:	P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	:	IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG)	:	T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	:	TP1
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
Stowage category (IMDG)	:	B
Flash point (IMDG)	:	12°C c.c.
Properties and observations (IMDG)	:	Colorless, mobile liquid. Flashpoint: 12°C c.c. Explosive limits: 2% to 12%. Miscible with water.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	:	E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	:	Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	:	1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	:	353
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	:	5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	:	364
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	:	60L
ERG code (IATA)	:	3L

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Isopropyl alcohol	CAS-No. 67-63-0	70 – 72%

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Potassium Iodide (7681-11-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Iodine (7553-56-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Potassium Iodide (7681-11-0)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Iodine (7553-56-2)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Component	State or local regulations
Isopropyl alcohol(67-63-0)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Iodine(7553-56-2)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16 Other information

According to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)
Issue date : 6/17/2025

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.